R. H. Crown Co., Inc.

100 N. Market St.

Johnstown, New York 12095

(518) 762-4589

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

METHANOL

I. PRODUCT INFORMATION

PRODUCT NAME:

CHEMICAL SYNONYMS:

MATERIAL USE:

MANUFACTURER:

EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBER(24 hr):

CAS REGISTRY NUMBER:

WHMIS CLASSIFICATION:

TDG CLASSIFICATION: UN/PIN NUMBER:

II. INGREDIENTS OF PRODUCT

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS:

III. PHYSICAL DATA

PHYSICAL STATE:

ODOUR AND APPEARANCE:

ODOUR THRESHOLD:

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: VAPOUR PRESSURE:

VAPOUR DENSITY (AIR = 1):

% VOLATILE:

EVAPORATION RATE:

BOILING POINT:

MELTING POINT:

pH:

COEFFICIENT OF OIL/WATER

DISTRIBUTION:

Crown Gasline Drver & Antifreeze

Methyl Alcohol, Methyl Hydrate

Solvent, Fuel, Feedstock

Novacor Chemicals Ltd.

Methanol Division 3806 Box Springs Rd. N.W.

Medicine Hat, AB

(403) 527-8141

67-56-1

B2, D1A

Primary 3.2 Secondary 6.1

1230

Methyl Alcohol %: 99.85%

Liquid

Clear, colourless liquid, slight alcohol odour

Poor, 1000 ppm

 $0.792 (H_2O = 1)$

96 mmHg @ 20°C (68°F)

1.105 @ 15°C (59°F)

100%

4.6 (Butyl Acetate = 1)

64.5°C (148°F)

-97.8°C (-144°F)

Not available

Readily soluble in water, separates from

Oil

IV. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLAMMABILITY:

FLASHPOINT:

Yes

11°C (52°F)(TCC)

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA (CONT'D) IV.

AUTO-IGNITION TEMP:

SENSITIVITY TO IMPACT:

SENSITIVITY TO STATIC DISCHARGE:

FLAMMABLE LIMITS (% Vol. in Air): FIRE EXTINGUISHING SUBSTANCES: 385°C (725°F) Not available

Low

LFL 6% UFL 36%

Water (4:1), Purple K dry chemical powder. AFFF (Aqueous Film Forming Foam). Alcohol resistant type with 6% foam

proportioning equipment or CO₂.

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES:

Toxic gases and vapours such as carbon

monoxide and formaldehyde.

Water may be ineffective depending upon depth of methanol burning. Use fine water

spray or fog to control fire spread and cool structures or containers. Firefighters must wear full face, positive pressure, selfcontained breathing apparatus or airline and appropriate protective clothing.

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Methanol burns with a clean clear flame which is almost invisible in daylight. Concentrations of greater than 20%

methanol in water can be ignited.

٧. REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY:

INCOMPATIBILITIES:

Stable

Strong Oxidizers, Strong Acids, Strong Bases. May be corrosive to lead and

aluminum.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Avoid storage with incompatible materials. Formaldehyde and Carbon Monoxide.

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS VI.

ROUTE OF ENTRY:

EXPOSURE LIMIT:

Skin Contact, Skin Absorption, Eye Contact, Ingestion, Inhalation, Acute/Chronic.

TLV-TWA/8 hour OEL - 200 ppm, 262

 mq/m^3 .

TLV/STEL/15 min. OEL - 250 ppm, 328

 mg/m^3 .

HEALTH HAZARD INFORMATION VII.

EFFECTS OF ACUTE AND CHRONIC EXPOSURE:

INHALATION:

Irritation of mucous membrane, high levels may cause headache, sleepiness, nausea.

giddiness, loss of consciousness, digestive and visual disturbances and death. NOTE: The odour threshold of methanol is several times higher than the TLV/8 hour OEL. Poisonous; causes nausea, headache, visual

disturbances ranging from double vision

to unconsciousness and death.

High vapour concentration or liquid contact

causes irritation, tearing and burning. May be absorbed through the skin in toxic or lethal amounts. Causes mild irritation,

redness, cracking and drying.

INGESTION:

EYES:

SKIN:

VII. HEALTH HAZARD INFORMATION (CONT'D)

CHRONIC EFFECTS:

Repeated exposure by inhalation or absorption may cause systemic poisoning, impaired vision, blindness. Inhalation may worsen conditions such as emphysema or bronchitis. Repeated skin contact may cause irritation, dryness and cracking.

TOXICITY DATA: IRRITANT EFFECTS:

1000 ppm may cause irritation of mucous

membrane. No.

SENSITIZATION: CARCINOGENICITY: REPRODUCTIVE EFFECT:

No.

Reported to cause birth defects in rats

exposed to 20 000 ppm. No.

TERATOGENIC EFFECT: MUTAGENIC EFFECT: SYNERGISTIC EFFECT: LD₅₀/LD₅₀ DATA:

No.

No data.

LD_{so}: Oral (rat) 6.2 - 13.0 g/kg, Dermal

(rabbit) 20 ml/kg. LC_{so}: Inhalation (rat)

64 000 ppm.

VIII. EMERGENCY FIRST AID PROCEDURES

INHALATION:

Remove to fresh air, restore or assist breathing, obtain medical attention

immediately.

INGESTION:

EYES:

SKIN:

If conscious and medical aid is not immediately available, dilute stomach contents by giving large amounts of water or milk and induce vomiting. Transport to medical attention immediately.

medical attention immediately.

Flush immediately with gently running water for 15 minutes, ensuring all surfaces and crevices are flushed. Obtain medical

attention if necessary.

Remove clothing and wash under shower with soap and water for 15 minutes. Seek medical attention if irritation occurs.

IX. SPILL AND WASTE DISPOSAL

SPILL:

Eliminate all ignition sources, stop spill and use absorbent materials. If necessary, contain spill by diking. Recover methanol or dilute with water to reduce fire hazard. Prevent it from entering sewer, drains or waterways. Restrict access to unprotected personnel. Full-face, positive pressure S.C.B.A. or airline, and protective clothing must be worn. Intake or highly contaminated water could result in serious

health problems.

WASTE DISPOSAL:

Waste materials must be disposed of in accordance with your municipal, state, provincial and federal regulations. Contact the proper authorities for specific instructions or contact the 24 HOUR EMERGENCY NUMBER: (403) 527-8141.

HANDLING PROCEDURES & EQUIPMENT:

No smoking or open flame in storage, handling areas. Use explosion proof electrical equipment. Ensure proper electrical grounding procedures are in place. Avoid protective materials of natural rubbers - use neoprene (check with manufacturer of protective materials). All shipments of methanol must be properly classified, described, packaged, marked and labelled to conform with regulations set by the Canadian Transport Commission, the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations, Bureau of Explosives and Hazardous Materials Regulations.

SPECIAL SHIPPING INFO .:

PREVENTIVE MEASURES Χ.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: GLOVES:

FOOTWEAR: EYES:

CLOTHING:

STORAGE REQUIREMENTS:

SOURCES USED:

PREPARED BY:

DATE OF PREPARATION:

In confined areas, local and general ventilation should be provided to maintain airborne concentrations below OEL. Ventilation systems must be designed according to approved engineering standards.

NIOSH approved.

Neoprene recommended (check with glove

manufacturer). Chemical resistant.

Face shield and safety glasses with side shield when transferring is taking place. Wear chemical resistant pants and jackets. preferably neoprene (check with

manufacturer).

Store in totally enclosed equipment, designed to avoid human contact. Tanks must be grounded and vented and should be nitrogen blanketed. Tanks must be

diked.

ACGIHTLV 1988-89. Alberta O.H. & S. Act and Regulations. Proctor & Hughes Chemical Hazards of the Workplace (1978). CCOHS 89-2 and Methanol Chemical Clinical Toxicology of Infogram. Commercial Products, 5th Edition.

NOVA Corporation of Alberta

Health, Safety and Environment Department

(403) 290-6094

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